उत्तर पंक्ति में दो प्रश्न हैं - मूल प्रश्न और दूसरा प्रश्न। पत्रिका सामग्री पर पत्रिका का संरचना ज्ञात करें। परीक्षा समय दूसरा प्रश्न को अनुप्रेरित करें। पत्रिका ही प्रश्न को मूल प्रश्न से कर साधना समय का परीक्षा को सीमित करें। पत्रिका ही प्रश्न को अपने साथ ले जाएं।
Directions: Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below (13 to 17)

Philosophy of Education is a label applied to the study of the purpose, process, nature and ideals of education. It can be considered a branch of both philosophy and education. Education can be defined as the teaching and learning of specific skills, and the imparting of knowledge, judgment and wisdom, and is something broader than the societal institution of education we often speak of.

Many educationalists consider it a weak and woolly field, too far removed from the practical applications of the real world to be useful. But philosophers dating back to Plato and the Ancient Greeks have given the area much thought and emphasis, and there is little doubt that their work has helped shape the practice of education over the millennia.

Plato is the earliest important educational thinker, and education is an essential element in “The Republic” (his most important work on philosophy and political theory, written around 360 B.C.). In it, he advocates some rather extreme methods: removing children from their mothers’ care and raising them as wards of the state, and differentiating children suitable to the various castes, the highest receiving the most education, so that they could act as guardians of the city and care for the less able. He believed that education should be holistic, including facts, skills, physical discipline, music and art. Plato believed that talent and intelligence is not distributed genetically and thus is not found in children born to all classes, although his proposed system of selective public education for an educated minority of the population does not really follow a democratic model.

Aristotle considered human nature, habit and reason to be equally important forces to be cultivated in education, the ultimate aim of which should be to produce good and virtuous citizens. He proposed that teachers lead their students systematically, and that repetition be used as a key tool to develop good habits, unlike Socrates’ emphasis on questioning his listeners to bring out their own ideas. He emphasized the balancing of the theoretical and practical aspects of subjects taught, among which he explicitly mentions reading, writing, mathematics, music, physical education, literature, history, and a wide range of sciences, as well as play, which he also considered important.

During the Medieval period, the idea of Perennialism was first formulated by St. Thomas Aquinas in his work “De Magistro”. Perennialism holds that one should teach those things deemed to be of everlasting importance to all people everywhere, namely principles and reasoning, not just facts (which are apt to change over time), and that one should teach first about people, not machines or techniques. It was originally religious in nature, and it was only much later that a theory of secular perennialism developed.

During the Renaissance, the French skeptic Michel de Montaigne (1533 – 1592) was one of the first to critically look at education. Unusually for his time, Montaigne was willing to question the conventional wisdom of the period, calling into question the whole edifice of the educational system, and the implicit assumption that university-educated philosophers were necessarily wiser than uneducated farm workers, for example.
13. What is the difference between the approaches of Socrates and Aristotle?
(A) Aristotle felt the need for repetition to develop good habits in students; Socrates felt that students need to be constantly questioned.
(B) Aristotle felt the need for rote-learning; Socrates emphasized on dialogue learning.
(C) There was no difference.
(D) Aristotle emphasized on the importance of paying attention to human nature; Socrates emphasized upon science.

14. Why do educationalists consider philosophy a 'weak and woolly' field?
(A) It is not practically applicable.
(B) Its theoretical concepts are easily understood.
(C) It is irrelevant for education.
(D) None of these

15. What do you understand by the term 'Perennialism', in the context of the given comprehension passage?
(A) It refers to something which is of permanent importance.
(B) It refers to something which is quite unnecessary.
(C) It refers to something which is abstract and theoretical.
(D) It refers to something which existed in the past and no longer exists now.

16. Were Plato's beliefs about education democratic?
(A) No, not at all.
(B) Yes, it was democratic completely.
(C) Yes, it was democratic partially.
(D) None of these

17. Why did Aquinas propose a model of education which did not lay much emphasis on facts?
(A) Facts are not important.
(B) Facts do not lead to holistic education.
(C) Facts can change with the changing times.
(D) Facts are frozen in time.

18. Which part of the sentence has an error?
He was not considered for promotion because his performance was no as good as the other members of the organizations.
(A) He was not considered for promotion
(B) because his performance was not as good as
(C) the other members of the organizations.
(D) No error

19. Which part of the sentence has an error?
Of the three wild beasts in the cage, this one seems the most ferocious.
(A) Of the three wild beasts in the cage,
(B) this one seems
(C) the most ferocious.
(D) No error

20. Give Synonym of:
Vituperate
(A) Abuse
(B) Appreciate
(C) Copy
(D) Encourage

21. Give Antonym of:
Reprobate
(A) Elevated
(B) Virtuous
(C) Clumsy
(D) Lavish

22. Give meaning of Idiom
At loggerheads
(A) in difficulty
(B) to be at strife
(C) None of these
(D) very happy together

23. "______" does not help in guarding your computer against malicious software.
(A) Windows Firewall
(B) Windows Defender
(C) Browser
(D) Anti-virus software

24. Where is RAM located?
(A) Mother Board
(B) Expansion Board
(C) External Drive
(D) None of these

25. ________ is directly used to store user's data or program.
(A) Folder
(B) File
(C) Recycle bin
(D) None of these

26. What is maximum zoom percentage in MS-Word?
(A) 200
(B) 400
(C) 500
(D) None of these

27. Which of the following is/are example(s) of Word Processors?
(A) Microsoft Word
(B) WordPerfect
(C) Both Microsoft Word and WordPerfect
(D) None of these

28. In Microsoft Excel 2007, a single file or document is called a "______" file.
(A) Workbook
(B) Worksheet
(C) Sheet
(D) Notebook

29. Which of the following system softwares is loaded first into computer memory when a computer is powered on?
(A) Device Drivers
(B) Language translators
(C) System Utilities
(D) Operating system

30. Which of the following is not an example of solid state storage device?
(A) DVD ROM
(B) Memory Card
(C) USB Flash Drives
(D) None of these

31. Devices, such as monitors and printers, that connected to the computers are called
(A) System Devices
(B) Input Devices
(C) Peripheral Devices
(D) None of these

32. Which of the following is not a file for which Myntra is known?
(A) Myntra
(B) Flipkart
(C) Amazon
(D) None of these

33. Devices, such as monitors and printers, that connected to the computers are called
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35. Devices, such as monitors and printers, that connected to the computers are called
(A) System Devices
(B) Input Devices
(C) Peripheral Devices
(D) None of these
32. Which of the following is not an input device?
   (A) Optical scanner (B) Keyboard
   (C) Mousepad (D) Touch pad

33. Which of the following is correct term for the process of finding and correcting errors in program?
   (A) Debugging (B) Translating
   (C) Interpreting (D) Compiling

34. A megabyte is actually equal to ______ kilobytes.
   (A) 1000 (B) 1024 (C) 1084 (D) None of these/both of these

35. Which PowerPoint view displays each slide of the presentation as a thumbnail and is useful for rearranging slides?
   (A) Slide Design (B) Slide Sorter
   (C) Slide Show (D) Master

36. Which of the following is a point-and-draw device?
   (A) Scanner (B) Printer
   (C) Mouse (D) Keyboard

37. DTP is a computer abbreviation, it usually means——
   (A) DeskTop Publishing (B) Desktop Programming
   (C) Digital Type Program (D) Document Top Publishing

38. Which one of the following states has the largest area under forest cover?
   (A) Arunachal Pradesh (B) Assam
   (C) Himachal Pradesh (D) Madhya Pradesh

39. Which of the following regions has been classified as ‘Western Dry Region’ among the 15 Agro-Climatic zones of India?
   (A) North Bihar Dry Region (B) Rajasthan Dry Region
   (C) NEFA Region (D) West Bengal Doors

40. The climate of Assam is
   (A) tropical monsoon (B) tropical dry
   (C) hot desert type of climate (D) tropical savannah

41. Where is Bansagar Hydel Project located?
   (A) Madhya Pradesh (B) Uttarakhand
   (C) Gujarat (D) Rajasthan

42. Which mountain range separates the Indo-Gangetic plains from the Deccan Plateau?
   (A) Vindhya (B) Aravalli
   (C) Purvanchal (D) Karakoram

43. Shyok and Nubra valleys are located in which region of India?
   (A) Kangra region (B) Ladakh region
   (C) Chamba region (D) None of these

44. Match List - I (Peaks) with List - II (Mountain range) and select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists:

List - I
1. Gurushikhar (a) Himalaya
2. Dhupgarh (b) Karakoram
3. Doda Betta (c) Vindhya
4. Saser Kangri (d) Aravalli

List - II
1. Himalaya (Peaks)/(Mountain Range)/(Vindhya)
2. Karakoram (Peaks)/(Mountain Range)/(Vindhya)
3. Vindhya (Peaks)/(Mountain Range)/(Vindhya)
4. Aravalli (Peaks)/(Mountain Range)/(Vindhya)

Codes
a. b. c. d.
(A) 4 2 3 1
(B) 5 4 1 3
(C) 4 2 5 1
(D) 5 2 3 1

45. A Dynamo is a device for converting
   (A) electrical energy into mechanical energy
   (B) mechanical energy into electrical energy
   (C) mechanical energy into speed
   (D) None of these

46. Match the following

(A) Semiconductor (B) Conductor
   (C) Insulator (D) None of these

Codes:
A. B. C. D.
(A) 4 2 3 1
(B) 5 4 1 3
(C) 4 2 5 1
(D) 5 2 3 1
46. Which of the following are liquids at room temperature and standard pressure?
(A) Acetone (B) Methanol (C) Ethanol (D) Butanol

47. Gastritis affects which part of the human body?
(A) Stomach (B) Liver (C) Intestines (D) Pancreas

48. How many spinal nerve pairs are there in humans?
(A) 24 (B) 26 (C) 28 (D) 30

49. What is ‘Mushroom’?
(A) Fungi (B) Bacteria (C) Algae (D) Protozoa

50. Which enzyme breaks down glucose and fructose into alcohol?
(A) Amylase (B) Catalase (C) Alcohol dehydrogenase (D) Alcohol oxidase

51. DPT vaccine is administered to prevent disease like
(A) Smallpox (B) Polio (C) Pertussis (D) Tetanus

52. Match the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Disease</th>
<th>Vaccine</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pertussis</td>
<td>DPT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tetanus</td>
<td>DPT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Polio</td>
<td>DPT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smallpox</td>
<td>DPT</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

53. Which is the correct chronological order of the following rulers of slave dynasty who ruled over Delhi?
(A) Muhammad bin Tughluq (B) Feroz Shah Tughluq (C) Nasiruddin (D) Iltutmish

54. Consider the following statements:
Akbar sought the friendship and cooperation of Rajputs:
1. To crush Afghan revolt.
2. To strengthen the foundation of Mughal Empire in India.
To build Ibadatkhana at Fatehpur Sikri
3. For religious reasons.
4. To defeat foreign invaders in India.

55. The ruins at Hampi brought to light in 1800 by
(A) Colonel Colin Mackenzie (B) Thomas Hickey (C) Domingo Paes (D) Nicolo de Conti

56. All India Muslim League was formed in
(A) 1902 (B) 1906 (C) 1904 (D) 1916

57. What is the correct sequence of the following events?
1. Formation of an Interim Government
2. Arrival of the Cabinet Mission
3. Muslim League launches Direct action
4. Jinnah’s wrecking of the Shilma Conference

58. With which religion are the Dilwara temples associated?
(A) Jainism (B) Hinduism & Jainism (C) Hinduism (D) Buddhism

59. Who among the following was the Chairman of Drafting Committee of Constituent Assembly?
(A) Dr. Rajendra Prasad (B) J.L. Nehru (C) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar (D) J.B. Kripalani
60. Right to property was omitted from Indian Constitution by
(A) 44th Amendment Act
(B) 40th Amendment Act
(C) 86th Amendment Act
(D) 71st Amendment Act

62. Given below are two statements labelled as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). In the context of the two statements, which of the following is correct?

Assertion (A) : In India, the Judiciary is independent of the Executive.

Reason (R) : Judiciary favours the government and helps in the implementation of its plans.

(A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
(B) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).
(C) (A) is true, but (R) is false.
(D) (A) is false, but (R) is true.

64. Poshan Gyan, a national digital repository on health and nutrition was launched by
(A) NITI Aayog
(B) Ministry of Rural Development
(C) Ministry of Health & Family Welfare
(D) Ministry of Home Affairs

65. In Indian Constitution Article 338A - National Commission for Scheduled Tribes was inserted by
(A) 102nd Amendment Act, 2018
(B) 104th Amendment Act, 2020
(C) 105th Amendment Act, 2021
(D) 89th Amendment Act, 2003

66. Which actress won the National Film Award for Best Actress for the year 2019?
(A) Kangana Ranaut
(B) Alia Bhatt
(C) Taapsee Pannu
(D) Bhumi Pednekar

67. Which of the following is/are Digital India Initiatives/Services launched by the government under Digital India Flagship Scheme?
(A) Mobile based UMANG services
(B) Direct Benefit Transfer
(C) Digilocker
(D) All of these

68. As per RBI's Directions from October 1, banks will penalise of ________ per ATM for non-availability of cash for more than ten hours in a month.
(A) 25,000
(B) 10,000
(C) 15,000
(D) 5,000

69. The first country among the following to receive the Indian COVID-19 vaccine is
(A) Brazil
(B) South Africa
(C) Maldives
(D) Indonesia

70. With the joint efforts of the railways of which countries, regular operation of freight trains have been resumed through the restored Haldibari-Chilahati Rail Route?
(A) India – Myanmar
(B) India – Pakistan
(C) India – Bangladesh
(D) India – Nepal

60. (D) 71st Amendment Act
62. (C) (A) is true, but (R) is false.
64. (A) NITI Aayog
65. (D) 89th Amendment Act, 2003
66. (D) Bhumi Pednekar
67. (D) All of these
68. (D) 5,000
69. (C) Maldives
70. (C) India – Bangladesh
71. Who is the Chairman of DRDO?
(A) C. Vijayakumar
(B) Dr. G. Satheesh Reddy
(C) K. Sivan
(D) None of these

72. Buddhabed Guha, who recently passed away, was a noted
(A) Politician
(B) Sportsperson
(C) Writer
(D) Musician

73. Mariyappan Thangavelu and Shandar Kumar, who won medals in the Tokyo Paralympics, are associated with which sports?
(A) High Jump
(B) Javelin Throw
(C) Shooting
(D) None of these

74. In which district of Rajasthan, recently India's First Emergency Landing facility (airstrip) on National Highway was inaugurated?
(A) Bikaner
(B) Udaipur
(C) Barmer
(D) Jaipur

75. PM Modi recently chaired the BRICS Summit 2021 virtually. The Summit was which edition of the annual programme?
(A) 12
(B) 13
(C) 15
(D) 11

76. In the following letter series, some of the letters are missing which are given in that order as one of the alternatives below it.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Choose the correct alternative:
(A) bbab
(B) bbaa
(C) aaba
(D) abab

77. From the pairs of words, you have to select the pair which is closely related in the same way as the words of the first pair.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pen</td>
<td>Paper</td>
<td>(B) Furnace</td>
<td>Coal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(C) Rock</td>
<td>Stone</td>
<td>(D) Razor</td>
<td>Hair</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

78. Choose the group of letters which is different from others.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MQT</td>
<td>HLP</td>
<td>IMQ</td>
<td>DLM</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

79. Which letter will be 11th to the left of 7th letter from the right end in English alphabetical order?

(A) D
(B) E
(C) I
(D) P

Directions (Questions 80 to 82) : Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow based on passage:

Rabies is a disease transmitted to man and animals through the bite of a rabies-infected animal, most commonly by dogs. It is caused by a virus present in the saliva of the infected animal which gets deposited in the wound of the bite victim, multiplies and travels towards brain and spinal cord. If not treated, about half of such cases develop rabies. Symptoms of the disease start one to three months after the bite. Very few laboratory tests are available for the diagnosis of rabies in India. Precautionary measures include prompt washing of the dog bite wound with soap and water. The wound is also treated with cetavion: tincture of iodine or spirit.

- **निर्देशित:** निपटाए जिन इंसानों को खोपाए और उन पर आधारित प्रश्न (80-82) के उत्तर दीजिए:

80. A cat was seen in the park yesterday, but its owner is unknown. How do you think the cat got there?

(A) Probably true (B) Definitely false
(C) Definitely true (D) Definitely false

81. The bite of rabies-infected animal to a healthy animal definitely results in spread of rabies.

(A) Definitely false (B) Data inadequate
(C) Probably true (D) Definitely true

82. The saliva of the house dogs should be periodically tested for the detection of rabies.

(A) Probably true (B) Definitely true
(C) Data inadequate (D) Definitely false

83. Simran told Rahul, “That girl is the youngest daughter of the brother-in-law of my friend’s mother”. How is that girl related to Simran’s friend?

(A) Niece (B) Aunt
(C) Cousin (D) Nephew

84. If 'BUS' is coded as 'DWU' how will you code 'ROBS'?

(A) SPDO (B) SPDC
(C) TOCU (D) TQU
88. Which one of the given responses would be a meaningful order of the following words?
5. Print
A. 4 3 2 1 5  
B. 3 4 2 1 5  
C. 4 1 2 3 5  
D. 3 2 1 5  

89. Which letter will replace the question mark (?) in the following design?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th>A</th>
<th>C</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>F</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(A) O (B) Q (C) P (D) R

90. Supply the right letters for the Question Mark (?):

XA, DI, GO, JU

(A) VE (B) WE (C) AE (D) CE

91. From the pairs of words, you are to select the pair which is closely related in the same way as the words of the first pair.
NITROGEN : GASEOUS : : ________

(A) Lead : Pencil (B) Feather : Wing (C) Mercury : Liquid (D) Oxygen : Gases

92. Choose the odd one out from the given alternatives.

(A) 8, 8 (B) 12, 4 (C) 3, 13 (D) 10, 7

93. Which letter will be 4th to the right of 9th letter from the right end in English alphabetical series?

(A) D (B) V (C) G (D) X

94. Introducing Sunita, Nikita said, “She is the only daughter of my father's only daughter”. How is Nikita related to Sunita?

(A) Aunt (B) Cousin (C) Niece (D) None of these

95. If ROME is written as MORE, then DARE will written as

(A) REED (B) ROAD (C) RAED (D) RADE

96. Anil walked 10 km towards North. From there he turned back and walked 6 km towards South. Then he walked 3 km towards East. How far was he from the starting point?

(A) 16 km. (B) 5 km. (C) 17 km. (D) 9 km.

97. In a school, there were five teachers. A and B were teaching Sanskrit and Maths. X and B were teaching Maths and History. Y and A were teaching Hindi and Sanskrit. Z and B were teaching Geography and Spanish. Which of the following pairs was teaching both Maths and History?

(A) A, X (B) A, B (C) Z, Y (D) B, Y

98. If ‘rain’ is ‘water’, ‘water’ is ‘road’, ‘road’ is ‘cloud’, ‘cloud’ is ‘sky’, ‘sky’ is ‘sea’ and ‘sea’ is ‘path’, where do Aeroplanes fly?

(A) Water (B) Cloud (C) Path (D) Road

99. Which one of the given responses would be a meaningful order of the following words?


(A) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 (B) 2, 3, 4, 1, 5 (C) 1, 5, 4, 2, 3 (D) 1, 2, 5, 3, 4
100. Select an appropriate number to replace the question mark (?) in the number sentence: 7 21 8 17 7 ? 12 1 23
   (A) 14  (B) 16  (C) 22  (D) 18

90 = 3 × 4 = ?
   (A) 1.45  (B) 26.35  (C) 26.5  (D) 2.65

102. Find the total of all the prime numbers between 60 and 90.
60 of 90 are 93, 83, 73, 63, 53, 43, 33, 23, 13.
   (A) 74.71  (B) 74.00  (C) 76.22  (D) 72.55

103. A bag contains three types of coins – 1 rupee coins, 50 p coins and 25 p coins. If the total value of the coins of each kind be the same, then the total amount in the bag is equal to the total amount of Rs. 114.12 in simple interest after a certain period. Find how many years did she invest the amount to obtain the total sum.
   (A) 5 years/वर्ष  (B) 6 years/वर्ष  (C) 7 years/वर्ष  (D) 8 years/वर्ष

104. The radii of two cones are in the ratio 2:1 and their volumes are equal. Find the ratio of their heights.
   (A) 4 : 1  (B) 2 : 1  (C) 1 : 8  (D) 1 : 4

105. If cost of 24 oranges is Rs. 72, then find out the cost of 120 oranges.
   (A) Rs. 190  (B) Rs. 360  (C) Rs. 182  (D) Rs. 580

106. Asmita invests an amount of Rs. 5,334 for 4% p.a. interest. To get a total amount of Rs. 11,442 after a certain period, find the total period.
   (A) 9 years/वर्ष  (B) 6 years/वर्ष  (C) 5 years/वर्ष  (D) 7 years/वर्ष

107. A sum of Rs. 12,000 deposited at compound interest becomes double after 5 years. Find the rate of interest.
   (A) 140,000  (B) 1,96,000  (C) 1,92,000  (D) 1,44,000

108. If cost of 24 oranges is Rs. 72, then find out the cost of 120 oranges.
   (A) Rs. 190  (B) Rs. 360  (C) Rs. 182  (D) Rs. 580

109. A dishonest shopkeeper professes to sell potatoes at the cost price, but he weighs 950 g instead of 1 kg. Find the profit percentage.
   (A) 3.8%  (B) 4.8%  (C) 5.8%  (D) 1.8%

110. By selling an article, Mahesh earned a profit equal to one-fourth of the price he bought it. If he sold it for Rs. 375, what was the cost price?
   (A) Rs. 312.56  (B) Rs. 360.43  (C) Rs. 300.00  (D) Rs. 281.85

111. Rs. 26 + 13 × 30 = ?
   (A) 240  (B) 530  (C) 390  (D) 510

112. The perimeter of a rectangular field is 480 m and the ratio between the length and the breadth is 4 : 3. Find the area of the field.
   (A) 13501 sq.m.  (B) 15501 sq.m.  (C) 13500 sq.m.  (D) None of these / इसमें से कोई नहीं

113. One litre of water is evaporated from 6 litres of a solution containing 4% of sugar. The percentage of sugar in the remaining solution is 4%.
   (A) 3.8%  (B) 4.8%  (C) 5.8%  (D) 1.8%

114. How much is 20% of 1/7 of 1540?
   (A) 44  (B) 88  (C) 22  (D) None of these / इसमें से कोई नहीं

115. If 1 man or 2 women or 3 boys can do a piece of work in 44 days, then the same piece of work will be done by 1 man, 1 woman and 1 boy in how many days?
   (A) 20 days/दिन  (B) 24 days/दिन  (C) 28 days/दिन  (D) 34 days/दिन

116. If the value of 21a + 21b = 1134, what is the average of a and b?
   (A) 20  (B) 27  (C) 56  (D) None of these / इसमें से कोई नहीं

117. The dimensions of a cuboid are 7 cm, 11 cm and 13 cm. The total surface area is 14 cm^2. What are the dimensions of the remaining surface?
   (A) 3110 cm^2  (B) 622 cm^2  (C) 100 cm^2  (D) 200 cm^2
119. Step II of an input is:

1. एक निर्देश का चरण दो हैं।
2. 67 गति 12 कैट 25 दौग फाइटर मैन 42.
3. जो चरण का फॉलो बिंते हैं?
4. निम्नलिखित से दोनों चरण वो होते?
5. (A) 67 गति 42 दौग 25 फाइटर मैन 12
6. (B) 67 गति 42 दौग 25 फाइटर मैन 12
7. (C) 67 गति 42 दौग 12 फाइटर मैन 25
8. (D) नीचे दोनों से कोई नहीं

120. Step III of an input is:

1. 81 बैत 73 विल स्पाइकर्स 32 59.
2. अधिक चरणों की संख्या के लिए निर्देश खाता है?
3. निम्नलिखित से दोनों चरण वो होते?
4. (A) तीन
5. (B) पांच
6. (C) चार
7. (D) नीचे दोनों से कोई नहीं

121. ‘Chappan Ka Maidan’ is situated at:

1. (A) बीचवास – दंगपुर
2. (B) भाटपाघ बांसवास
3. (C) बीचवास – कुशलगढ़
4. (D) चित्तगंग – ठगपाघ

122. In which district of Rajasthan Saharia tribe live?

1. (A) बरान
2. (B) जलाउवार
3. (C) बंडी
4. (D) कोटा

123. When was Hanumangarh district formed from Ganganagar?

1. गंगानगर से हनुमांगर किले का भन्ना कब हुआ था?
2. (A) 01.08.94
3. (B) 18.04.96
4. (C) 18.04.95
5. (D) 12.07.94

124. Which of the following Kachchhwa ruler made Amer his capital after defeating Meenas?

1. (A) डुलहरी (B) जाइशंग (C) कोलकार (D) मन सिंह
2. (A) सत्तावाड़ (B) जाईसंग (C) कोलकार (D) मनसिंह

125. Bench of ‘Rajasthan High Court’ is situated at which of the following place?

1. (A) बिहार (B) जयपुर (C) जोधपुर (D) जोधपुर
2. (A) मिसाने (B) जयपुर (C) जयपुर (D) जोधपुर

126. Match the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>बुक</th>
<th>पुस्तक</th>
<th>लेखक / लेखिका</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>नाम</td>
<td>इतिहास</td>
<td>डी.एस.पूर्णी</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a.</td>
<td>आमीर मलिक</td>
<td>1. बदर / बादर हाजिराबाद</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b.</td>
<td>बिरामी / बिरामी</td>
<td>2. मांच्छारम / मांच्छारम</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c.</td>
<td>रघुवंश / रघुवंश</td>
<td>3. बाँधदुआ / बाँधदुआ वास</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

127. The Battalion which revolted in Nasirabad in 1857 was

1. (A) भोपालबंगारी (B) 30th Bengal Native Infantry (C) भोपालबंगारी (D) 15th Bengal Infantry

128. In Rajasthan, which of the following dance is performed by only men?

1. (A) घमर (B) काच्च्ही घोड़ी (C) तेरह गाँवी (D) काथक

129. Which of the following pairs is incorrect?

1. (A) आर्थुरा टेम्पल – बार्मर (B) शरस्ट माता टेम्पल – बाहनर, दासु (C) विभिन्न टेम्पल – केठुन, कोटा (D) शरस्ट माता टेम्पल – सिकर
130. Organize the following rulers of Chauhan Dynasty as per the chronological order:
1. Prithviraj III 2. Ajayraj
3. Amoraj 4. Vighraharj IV
Chacha Rajaswala के निम्नलिखित शासकों को कलेक्ट दिया गया:
1. पृथ्वीराज III 2. अजयराज
3. अमराज 4. विधर्षार चौहान

Code / कूट:
(A) 1, 3, 4, 2 (B) 1, 4, 2, 3
(C) 2, 3, 4, 1 (D) 2, 3, 1, 4

133. Match the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tourist Circuit/</th>
<th>Area/ व्यापारी क्षेत्र</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>विद्यासागर सरफ़राज</td>
<td>क्षेत्र</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| a. Brij Mewat | 1. Alwar-Bharatpur-
| Circuit / क्षेत्र | Sawai Madhopur/ |
| विद्यासागर सरफ़राज | अल्लूर-भरतपुर-सवाई |
| b. Shekhawati | 2. Ajmer-Pushkar-
| Circuit / क्षेत्र | Merta-Nagaur/ |
| विद्यासागर सरफ़राज | जेहूदाहौ-अजरामुर-मेरठ-
| c. Desert | 3. Churu-Sikar-
| Circuit / क्षेत्र | Jhunjhunu/ |
| विद्यासागर सरफ़राज | गोरख-जैसलमेर-भीमनार-बाहामेर |
| d. Merwada | 4. Jodhpur-Jaisalmer-
| Circuit / क्षेत्र | Bikaner-
| विद्यासागर सरफ़राज | जैसलमेर-भीमनार-बाहामेर |

Codes / कूट:
(A) 1 2 1 4 (B) 2 4 3 1
(C) 1 3 4 2 (D) 2 1 4 3

135. Where is the cave of ‘Saint Peepa’?
A) Peepar (B) Toda
C) Dhana (D) Gagron

136. Which of the following Articles of Indian Constitution is related with Executive Power of Governor?
A) Article 142 (B) Article 154
C) Article 171 (D) Article 158

139. Match List-I (Heritage) with List-II (Place) and choose the correct answer from the codes given below the lists:

List-I | List-II
---|---
a. Gajner Palace b. Kiradu Temple
c. Jag Temple d. Bikaner

Codes / कूट:
(A) 1 2 1 3 (B) 3 1 2 1
(C) 1 3 2 1 (D) 1 2 3 1

140. Who founded ‘Alakha Sect’?
A) Sain Dasji (B) Chaurasi Das
C) Swami Lal Gir (D) Bholanath

141. Jogi caste of Alwar district play which of the following instrument?
A) Rabaj (B) Bhagapan
C) Sarangi (D) Jantar

132. The Chairman of the Rajasthan Public Service Commission can be suspended by the:
(A) Chief Justice of Rajasthan High Court (B) Chief Minister of Rajasthan
(C) Governor of Rajasthan (D) None of these

134. With reference to ancient state of Rajasthan what was ‘Kansa Parosa’?
A) A type of Irrigation (B) None of these
(C) A type of Tax (D) A type of Land

138. In which year Rajasthan School of Art was established by Sawai Ram Singh-II?
A) 1882 A.D. (B) 1860 A.D.
C) 1857 A.D. (D) None of these

137. In 1947, Shekhawati Farmers Movement ended on who’s efforts?
A) Jannalal Bajaj (B) Jairayana Vyas
C) Manikyalal Verma (D) Hirnalal Shastri

143. In which year Rajasthan School of Art was established by Sawai Ram Singh-II?
A) 1882 (B) 1860
C) 1857 (D) None of these
142. The Governor of Rajasthan, who died during their tenure:
1. S.K. Singh
2. Mrs. Prabhia Rau
3. Nirmal Chand Jain
4. Darbara Singh

143. The ‘Boo’ village of Nagaur was famous for which Art Work?
(A) Jute patti
(B) Mud toys
(C) Thick cotton shawl
(D) Hand made paper

144. Consider the following statements:
1. The Lokayukta institution in Rajasthan was established in the year 1973.
2. Justice I.D. Das was the first Lokayukta of Rajasthan State.
Which of the above statement/s is/are correct?
(A) Only 1 is correct.
(B) 1 & 2 are both true.
(C) 1 & 2 are both wrong.
(D) Only 1 is correct.

145. Which of the following pairs is correct?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Institution</th>
<th>Establishment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(A) Rajasthan Sahitya</td>
<td>1969 Acadeny</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(B) Rajasthan Sangeet</td>
<td>1957 Natak Acadeny</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(C) Rajasthan Bhar</td>
<td>1982 Bhasha Acadeny</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(D) Rajasthan Hindi</td>
<td>1980 Granth Acadeny</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

146. Which of the following options is the correct chronological order of the tenure of Chief Ministers of Rajasthan?
(A) Shiv Charan Mathur – Jagannath Paharia – Bhairon Singh Shekhawat – Hardev Joshi
(B) Jagannath Paharia – Bhai von Singh Shekhawat – Shiv Charan Mathur – Hardev Joshi
(C) Shiv Charan Mathur – Hardev Joshi – Jagannath Paharia – Bhai von Singh Shekhawat
(D) Hardev Joshi – Bhai von Singh Shekhawat – Jagannath Paharia – Shiv Charan Mathur

147. The Chairperson and members of the Rajasthan State Human Rights Commission are appointed by the Governor on the recommendation of a High level committee. This committee is headed by:
(A) Chief Minister
(B) Chairperson of State Legislature
(C) Chief Justice of Supreme Court
(D) Chief Justice of High Court

148. ‘Ashokasamti’ is celebrated on

(A) Chaithra Krishna Ashtami
(B) Baishakh Shukla Ashtami
(C) Shrawan Krishna Ashtami
(D) Chaitra Shukla Ashtami

149. Who was the first Chief Information Commissioner of the Rajasthan State?
(A) Shri N.K. Jain
(B) Shri Amarjeet Singh
(C) Shri M.D. Kaurani
(D) Shri Indrajit Khanna

150. Policy formulation is a joint effort in which many organisations take part.
Match them:

a. Constitution
b. Parliament
(c. Council of Ministers

A. Constitution 1. Important role in policy formulation
b. Parliament 2. Chief body for policy formulation
c. Council of Ministers 3. Indian Constitution is the main source of policies. Preamble and Directive Principles are its inspirational sources.

d. NITI Aayog 4. Main policies of the government are approved by the Parliament.

नीति निर्माण एक संयुक्त प्रकार होता है जिसमें बहुत सी संस्थाओं द्वारा होती है। उनके सम्बन्धित कार्य को:

a. संशोधन 1. नीति निर्माण में महत्त्वपूर्ण
b. संसद 2. नीति निर्माण के लिए मुख्य निकाय
c. मंत्रिमंडल 3. नीतियों का मुख्य स्रोत भारतीय संशोधन है।
(d. नीति आयोग 4. सरकार का मुख्य नीतियों संस्कृत द्वारा अनुमोदित की जाती है।

Codes / कृत्य:

(A) 3 4 2 1
(B) 3 2 1 4
(C) 2 1 3 4
(D) 1 4 3 2